

# **China Policy**

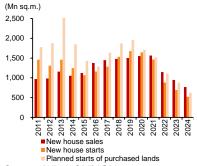
# **Cautiously optimistic after disappointment**

The housing policy briefing disappointed investors yesterday (17 Oct) with no sign of aggressive stimulus. The referred policies will have a moderate boost on the housing market yet should be not enough to revive property sector as well as the economy. We are cautiously optimistic about the policy outlook in the medium term as top leaders target to stabilize the property market and boost the economy. China may continue to loosen liquidity condition, credit supply, fiscal policy and property policy. The latest policy moves centre on stabilizing housing market and relieving local fiscal distress, which should benefit property, financials, LGFVs, SOEs and government suppliers first and then technology sector and consumer goods & services in an indirect way. The policy stimulus should provide some support to RMB exchange rates by alleviating economic slowdown and deflation pressure. We expect US\$/RMB to reach 7.05 at end-2024 and 7 at end-2025.

- Housing policy briefing has disappointed investors without aggressive stimulus. The ministries announced three key policies at the briefing. Firstly, large cities will renovate 1 million houses in run-down downtown districts ("urban villages"), with money compensation to related residents who could buy new apartments. Our property sector analysts estimated total money compensation might reach RMB1.3tn or 1% of GDP. This might help reduce house supply by 85 mn s.q. or 11% of estimated new house sales in 2024. However, the policy seems much weaker than in 2015-2018 when the shantytown renovation program completed 6.1 mn units and RMB1.57tn of investments (including money compensation to residents) per year. In 2015-2018, about 2.7 mn units were resettled through monetary compensation each year, reducing residential inventory by 200-250 mn s.q. annually. The current plan for urban village redevelopment involves a smaller scale with an unclear timeline. It should have a smaller effect on the housing supplydemand dynamics and household consumption as the money transfer to targeted residents is much less. While the previous shantytown renovation covered cities of various sizes, current redevelopment program will primarily focus on 35 large cities, with a relatively greater impact on tier one and core tier two cities. Secondly, the ministries will expand the "white list" of eligible unfinished housing projects with the loan supply target to related developers at RMB4tn at end-2024. The "whitelist" loan program was initiated in late January 2024 and total loans under the program reached RMB2.23tn as of 16 October. Under the new policy, the monthly loan issuance will rise from the previous rate of RMB248bn to RMB708bn. It should help improve developers' financing condition, facilitate the timely completion of housing projects and moderately boost new housing market sentiment especially in higher tier cities. Thirdly, the MoF encourages local governments to use special bond funding to acquire excess residential projects or lands from developers to transit them into subsidized houses. But this is not a political mandate as the MoF emphasizes the acquisition of residential properties through special bonds should be decided independently by local governments on a voluntary basis with the principles of legal compliance, market orientation and profit break-even. By our estimation, the average loan-to-value ratio for residential housing projects on banks' balance sheet stands at 70%. Developers have little interest in selling the projects at more than 30% discount, while acquisitions at less than 30% discount make it difficult to break even for local governments. The acquisition amount should be limited if both local governments and banks are reluctant to carry losses.
- Cautiously optimistic about policy outlook in medium term. Chinese top leaders have promised to stop property declines, boost stock market and revive the economy at the politburo meeting last month. If the current policies are not strong enough to achieve these targets, the policymakers are likely to

Bingnan YE, Ph.D (852) 3761 8967 yebingnan@cmbi.com.hk

Frank Liu (852) 3761 8957 frankliu@cmbi.com.hk





launch additional stimulus. Therefore, we are cautiously optimistic about the policy outlook in the medium term. For the market, surprises often come after despair. Looking forward, China might launch the following additional stimulus policies. Firstly, the PBOC might further loosen liquidity and credit supply with additional RRR and LPR cuts. 3M Shibor continued to decline from 2.15% in 1Q24 to 1.95% in 2Q24 and 1.85% in 3Q24, and might further drop to 1.6% by end-2025. RRR and LPRs might respectively decline by 50bps and 20-30bps by end-2025. Secondly, the PBOC might further loosen second-home mortgage supply. Thirdly, the central ministries might expand the urban village renovation program with more cash compensation to targeted residents. Fourthly, the central bank might further expand the "white list" program to guide banks to increase loan supply to developers. Fifthly, the central ministries might require local governments to purchase more unsold housing projects. Lastly, the MoF might raise general fiscal deficit and local government special bond quota respectively from RMB4.06tn or 3% of GDP and RMB3.9tn or 2.9% of GDP in 2024 to RMB5.06tn or 3.8% of GDP and RMB4.9tn or 3.7% of GDP in 2025.

Implications for the market. The current policy focus centres on stabilising housing market and relieving local fiscal distress after the property bubble burst. While liquidity and credit loosening is a systematic positive news for all Chinese stocks, fiscal loosening and other policies might benefit property, construction services, financials, LGFVs, SOEs and government suppliers most. Technology sector and consumer goods and services will also benefit from the policies with some time lag as stabilizing housing market and relieving local fiscal distress should help boost consumption and alleviate deflation. The policy stimulus should provide some support to RMB exchange rates by alleviating economic slowdown and deflation pressure. The US nominal GDP growth has more downside room than China and the US Fed is likely to cut policy rate more significantly than the PBOC. Therefore, US-Sino interest rate differentials may mildly decline and RMB might mildly rebound against US dollar. We expect US\$/RMB to reach 7.05 at end-2024 and 7 at end-2025.

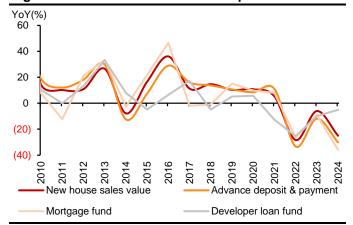


Figure 1: Comparison with 2015-2018 shantytown renovation

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2015-2018 Average	2024-?
Units of housing redeveloped under shantytown renovation(mn)	4.7	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.1	
% of monetary resettlement	9	29.9	48.5	53.9	45*	44.3	
Units of monetary resettlement(mn)	0.4	1.8	2.9	3.3	2.8	2.7	1
Converted sales area of residential property through monetary resettlement(mn square meters)	36	153	250	279	239	230.3	85*
National sales area of residential property	1,052	1,124	1,375	1,448	1,479	1,356.7	739*
% of converted sales area	3.4	13.6	18.2	19.3	16.2	16.8	10.8

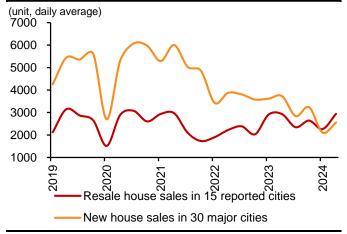
Source: Wind, CMBIGM Note: \*Estimated numbers

Figure 2: New house sales & development funds



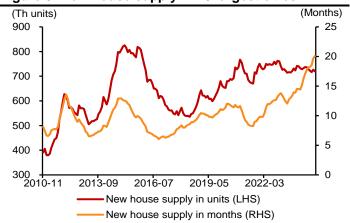
Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 4: Daily average house sales in cities



Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 3: New house supply in 10 largest cities



Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 5: Urbanisation & incremental house demand

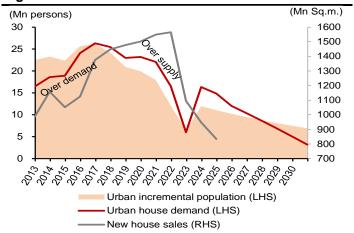
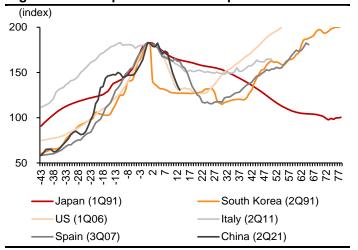


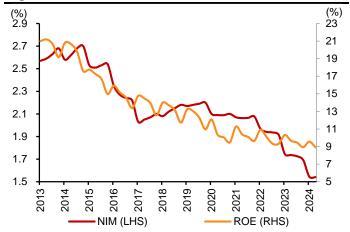


Figure 6: House prices around the peaks



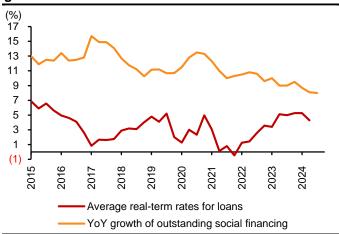
Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 8: Chinese banks' NIM & ROE



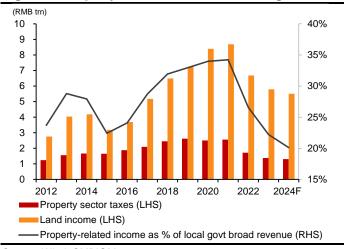
Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 10: Real-term loan rate & social financing growth



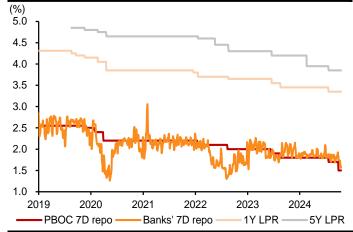
Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 7: Property-related income for local govts



Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 9: PBOC policy rates



Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 11: New mortgage rates & 5Y LPR

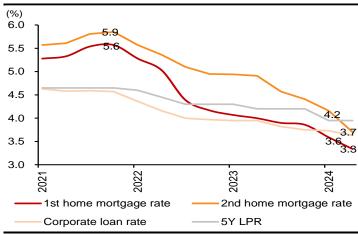
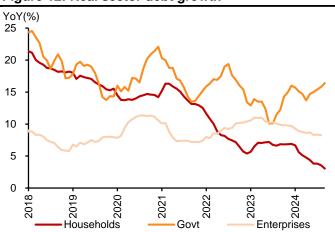


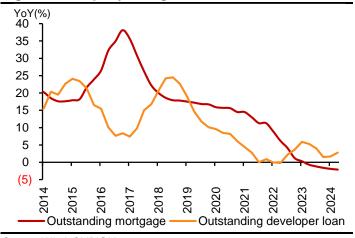


Figure 12: Real sector debt growth



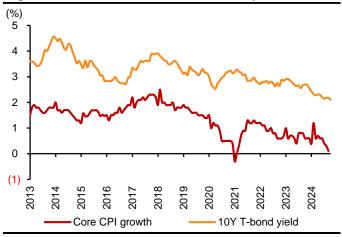
Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 13: Property loan growth



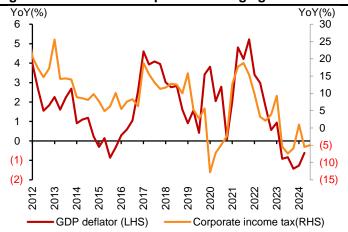
Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 14: Core inflation & 10Y T-bond yield



Source: Wind, CMBIGM

Figure 15: Inflation & corporate earnings growth





## **Disclosures & Disclaimers**

### **Analyst Certification**

The research analyst who is primary responsible for the content of this research report, in whole or in part, certifies that with respect to the securities or issuer that the analyst covered in this report: (1) all of the views expressed accurately reflect his or her personal views about the subject securities or issuer; and (2) no part of his or her compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific views expressed by that analyst in this report.

Besides, the analyst confirms that neither the analyst nor his/her associates (as defined in the code of conduct issued by The Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission) (1) have dealt in or traded in the stock(s) covered in this research report within 30 calendar days prior to the date of issue of this report; (2) will deal in or trade in the stock(s) covered in this research report 3 business days after the date of issue of this report; (3) serve as an officer of any of the Hong Kong listed companies covered in this report; and (4) have any financial interests in the Hong Kong listed companies covered in this report.

#### **CMBIGM Ratings**

BUY : Stock with potential return of over 15% over next 12 months HOLD Stock with potential return of +15% to -10% over next 12 months Stock with potential loss of over 10% over next 12 months

**NOT RATED** : Stock is not rated by CMBIGM

OUTPERFORM : Industry expected to outperform the relevant broad market benchmark over next 12 months MARKET-PERFORM : Industry expected to perform in-line with the relevant broad market benchmark over next 12 months UNDERPERFORM Industry expected to underperform the relevant broad market benchmark over next 12 months

#### CMB International Global Markets Limited

Address: 45/F, Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Hong Kong, Tel: (852) 3900 0888 Fax: (852) 3900 0800

CMB International Global Markets Limited ("CMBIGM") is a wholly owned subsidiary of CMB International Capital Corporation Limited (a wholly owned) subsidiary of China Merchants Bank)

#### **Important Disclosures**

There are risks involved in transacting in any securities. The information contained in this report may not be suitable for the purposes of all investors. CMBIGM does not provide individually tailored investment advice. This report has been prepared without regard to the individual investment objectives, financial position or special requirements. Past performance has no indication of future performance, and actual events may differ materially from that which is contained in the report. The value of, and returns from, any investments are uncertain and are not guaranteed and may fluctuate as a result of their dependence on the performance of underlying assets or other variable market factors. CMBIGM recommends that investors should independently evaluate particular investments and strategies, and encourages investors to consult with a professional financial advisor in order to make their own investment decisions.

This report or any information contained herein, have been prepared by the CMBIGM, solely for the purpose of supplying information to the clients of CMBIGM or its affiliate(s) to whom it is distributed. This report is not and should not be construed as an offer or solicitation to buy or sell any security or any interest in securities or enter into any transaction. Neither CMBIGM nor any of its affiliates, shareholders, agents, consultants, directors, officers or employees shall be liable for any loss, damage or expense whatsoever, whether direct or consequential, incurred in relying on the information contained in this report. Anyone making use of the information contained in this report does so entirely at their own risk.

The information and contents contained in this report are based on the analyses and interpretations of information believed to be publicly available and reliable. CMBIGM has exerted every effort in its capacity to ensure, but not to guarantee, their accuracy, completeness, timeliness or correctness. CMBIGM provides the information, advices and forecasts on an "AS IS" basis. The information and contents are subject to change without notice. CMBIGM may issue other publications having information and/ or conclusions different from this report. These publications reflect different assumption, point-of-view and analytical methods when compiling. CMBIGM may make investment decisions or take proprietary positions that are inconsistent with the recommendations or views in

CMBIGM may have a position, make markets or act as principal or engage in transactions in securities of companies referred to in this report for itself and/or on behalf of its clients from time to time. Investors should assume that CMBIGM does or seeks to have investment banking or other business relationships with the companies in this report. As a result, recipients should be aware that CMBIGM may have a conflict of interest that could affect the objectivity of this report and CMBIGM will not assume any responsibility in respect thereof. This report is for the use of intended recipients only and this publication, may not be reproduced, reprinted, sold, redistributed or published in whole or in part for any purpose without prior written consent of CMBIGM. Additional information on recommended securities is available upon request.

### For recipients of this document in the United Kingdom

This report has been provided only to persons (I) falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (as amended from time to time) ("The Order") or (II) are persons falling within Article 49(2) (a) to (d) ("High Net Worth Companies, Unincorporated Associations, etc.,) of the Order, and may not be provided to any other person without the prior written consent of CMBIGM.

#### For recipients of this document in the United States

CMBIGM is not a registered broker-dealer in the United States. As a result, CMBIGM is not subject to U.S. rules regarding the preparation of research reports and the independence of research analysts. The research analyst who is primary responsible for the content of this research report is not registered or qualified as a research analyst with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The analyst is not subject to applicable restrictions under FINRA Rules intended to ensure that the analyst is not affected by potential conflicts of interest that could bear upon the reliability of the research report. This report is intended for distribution in the United States solely to "major US institutional investors", as defined in Rule 15a-6 under the US, Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and may not be furnished to any other person in the United States. Each major US institutional investor that receives a copy of this report by its acceptance hereof represents and agrees that it shall not distribute or provide this report to any other person. Any U.S. recipient of this report wishing to effect any transaction to buy or sell securities based on the information provided in this report should do so only through a U.S. registered broker-dealer.

#### For recipients of this document in Singapore

This report is distributed in Singapore by CMBI (Singapore) Pte. Limited (CMBISG) (Company Regn. No. 201731928D), an Exempt Financial Adviser as defined in the Financial Advisers Act (Cap. 110) of Singapore and regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. CMBISG may distribute reports produced by its respective foreign entities, affiliates or other foreign research houses pursuant to an arrangement under Regulation 32C of the Financial Advisers Regulations. Where the report is distributed in Singapore to a person who is not an Accredited Investor, Expert Investor or an Institutional Investor, as defined in the Securities and Futures Act (Cap. 289) of Singapore, CMBISG accepts legal responsibility for the contents of the report to such persons only to the extent required by law. Singapore recipients should contact CMBISG at +65 6350 4400 for matters arising from, or in connection with the report.