

## **Semiconductors**

# Foundry – Al-driven super cycle reshapes market dynamics

The global foundry industry has shifted decisively from a cyclical, inventory-driven model to a structural, Al-powered super cycle. Al demand now serves as the dominant growth engine, against a backdrop of supportive inventory normalization. We forecast the pure play foundry market to reach ~US\$171bn in 2025, a 25.6% increase YoY, with sustained growth driven by: 1) continued Al infrastructure investment, 2) recovery in broader electronics demand, 3) technology node advancement, and 4) strategic regional capacity expansion.

- Revenue of the pure play foundry market is expected to remain elevated in 4Q25, in our view. The market reached US\$136bn in 2024 (+16.3% YoY), and is accelerating significantly. In 2025, the sector has delivered strong double-digit year-over-year growth in the first three quarters, fueled by surging Al-related demand and seasonal pre-holiday inventory builds. We expect 4Q25 revenue to remain elevated near 3Q levels (approximately US\$46bn), consistent with TSMC's 4Q guidance of roughly -1% QoQ at the midpoint.
- Geopolitical fragmentation is accelerating supply chain reconfiguration, as major economies invest heavily in domestic fabrication for de-risking. Local champions are positioned to benefit from strong government support, reshaping the competitive landscape over the medium term.
- While global wafer shipments have recovered steadily (+14% YoY in 9M25), ASP trends reveal a stark divergence. TSMC's blended ASP rose 15% YoY in 3Q25, propelled by its Al-driven technology mix—a momentum we expect to continue amid tight supply. In contrast, ASP recovery for foundries less exposed to Al remains subdued, as players prioritize utilization over pricing amid tepid non-Al demand—a dynamic delaying broader market recovery.
- Competitive concentration around TSMC is pronounced (71% share in 2Q25, up from 63% in 1Q24), a trend likely to deepen under the "Foundry 2.0" paradigm integrating full stack manufacturing. Other leading foundries face share pressure, although SMIC (981 HK, NR) and Hua Hong (1347 HK, Hold) remain key beneficiaries of China's supply chain localization, supported by demand recovery, ASP improvement, technological progress, and policy tailwinds.
- While we maintain a positive long-term view for Hua Hong's strategic position and capacity expansion, current valuation appears to fairly reflect near-term prospects. We therefore maintain our Hold rating with a target price of HK\$68. Upside catalysts: stronger-than-expected demand or further ASP increases. Downside risks: weaker end markets, renewed pricing pressure, and geopolitical tensions.

## OUTPERFORM (Maintain)

### **China Semiconductors Sector**

Lily YANG, Ph.D (852) 3916 3716 lilyyang@cmbi.com.hk

Kevin ZHANG (852) 3761 8727 kevinzhang@cmbi.com.hk

Jiahao Jiang (852) 39163739 JiangJiahao@cmbi.com.hk

#### Related reports:

- Semiconductors Nvidia: Solid 3Q results; 4Q guidance should alleviate Al bubble concerns (link)
- Semiconductors Thematic investing and megatrends: 1H25 AI demand check; Compute demand continues to grow (<u>link</u>)
- Semiconductors Solid 2Q results for Broadcom; eyes on the development of AI inference (link)
- Semiconductors Nvidia's 1Q beat and solid 2Q guidance confirm AI demand remains resilient (<u>link</u>)
- Semiconductors Thematic investing and megatrends: China's hyperscalers accelerate Al infra. buildout amid strengthening cloud demand (link)
- Semiconductors Thematic investing and megatrends: Resilient 1Q25 capex among hyperscalers (link)
- 7. Semiconductors Thematic investing and megatrends: Alibaba's bold capex hike a boost to domestic Al infrastructure suppliers (link)
- Semiconductors Thematic investing and megatrends: Views on DeepSeek (link)
- Semiconductors Thematic investing and megatrends: Stargate poised to accelerate global AI arms race (link)
- Semiconductors TSMC: Surging Al demands propelled strong results and guidance (link)
- 11. Semiconductors Nvidia's 3Q earnings takeaway: Strong demand for Blackwell well into next year (link)
- 12. Semiconductors AMD "Advancing AI" event (<u>link</u>)



## Pure-play foundry sector: Al-driven super cycle redefines growth trajectory

## Foundries in the Al age: riding on the structural super cycle amid geopolitical fragmentation

The global foundry industry has shifted from a cyclical inventory-driven model to a structural, Al-powered super cycle. While gradual inventory normalization provides a supportive backdrop, Al demand is now the dominant growth engine. The market reached US\$136bn in 2024 (+16.3% YoY), and is accelerating significantly.

In 2025, the sector has delivered strong double-digit year-over-year growth in the first three quarters, fueled by surging Al-related demand and seasonal pre-holiday inventory builds. We expect 4Q25 revenue to remain elevated near 3Q levels (approximately US\$46bn), consistent with TSMC's 4Q guidance of roughly -1% QoQ at the midpoint. For full year of 2025, we forecast the pure-play foundry market to grow 25.6% YoY to ~US\$171bn. Such growth is expected to remain robust beyond 2025, driven by: 1) sustained Al infrastructure investment, 2) recovering demand for broader electronics, 3) continued technology advancement, and 4) strategic regional capacity builds.

Figure 1: Global foundry market share to grow 25.6% YoY in 2025

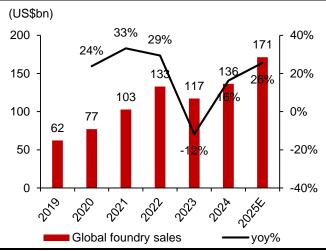


Figure 2: 4Q25 foundry market revenue to remain elevated at 3Q's level (US\$46bn)



Source: Counterpoint, CMBIGM estimates

Source: Counterpoint, CMBIGM estimates

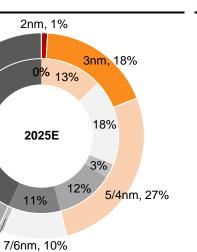
This expansion is increasingly concentrated in AI and driven by leading-edge technology. TSMC's revenue mix illustrates this shift: its High-Performance Computing (HPC) segment contribution rose from 42% in 3Q23 to 51% in 3Q24, and further expanded to 60% in 3Q25. Concurrently, the migration to advanced nodes is a primary driver of industry value expansion, alongside the increase in wafer shipment. By 2025, sub-7nm processes are projected to capture ~56% of total foundry revenue per Counterpoint, a significant increase from ~31% in 2021. The technology race continues unabated, with leaders like TSMC on track to begin 2nm (N2) production before year-end, further solidifying the technological moat for next-generation AI hardware.



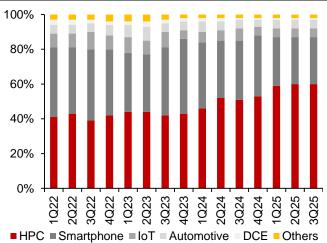
Figure 3: Global foundry (pure-play) advancing toward 2/3nm nodes

2025E

11%



**Figure** 4: TSMC's revenue breakdown by applications: rising contribution from HPC



Source: Counterpoint, CMBIGM estimates

11/8nm, 1%

40nm and above. 28%

43%

2021

28nm, 8%

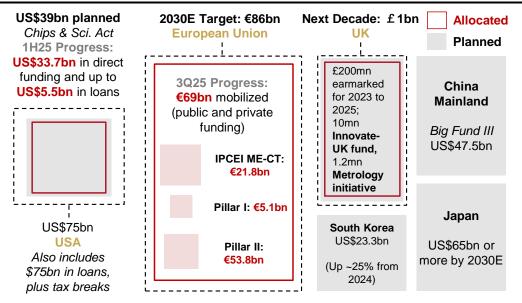
20/16/14/12nm,

7%

Source: Counterpoint, CMBIGM

Geopolitical fragmentation is concurrently driving a global reconfiguration of semiconductor supply chains, as major economies prioritize de-risking through substantial domestic fabrication investments. In China, the push for supply chain localization is accelerating technological advancement and import substitution, with SMIC and Hua Hong positioned as key beneficiaries. Similar trends are gaining momentum in other regions (e.g., the US, EU, Japan), heavily supported by government subsidies, which are set to reshape the global competitive landscape over the medium term.

Figure 5: Global chips subsidy programs update (2024-3Q25)



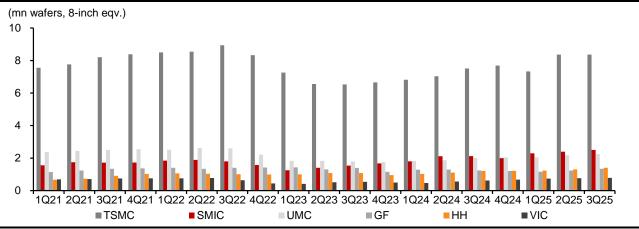
Source: Gov.uk, US DoC, SIA, SEMI, Reuters, Bloomberg, CMBIGM



## ASP divergence highlights bifurcated market dynamics

A steady recovery in global wafer shipments has been underway since early 2024, with aggregated major foundry shipments growing 10% YoY in 2024 and 14% YoY in 9M25. This improvement has been supported not only by inventory normalization but also by structurally higher Al infrastructure demand, which is pulling through peripheral IC demand on mature nodes.

Figure 6: Global wafer shipment (8-inch equivalent) has been recovering steadily since early 2024



Source: Company info, CMBIGM estimates

However, ASP trends reveal a stark divergence between Al-driven and non-Al foundry businesses. TSMC's blended ASP grew 15% YoY in 3Q25, largely driven by its advancing technology mix which is propelled by Al, as its HPC revenue share rose from ~50% in 3Q24 to 60% in 3Q25. We expect TSMC's ASP momentum to continue, supported by sustained Al demand (the company targets a mid-40% or higher Al revenue CAGR through 2029), ongoing node advancement (N2 ramp in 2026, with wafer prices ~50% higher than prior generations per TrendForce), and a tight supply-demand balance.

In contrast, ASP recovery for foundries less exposed to AI is still weak in 2025. These players remain cautious in raising prices amid a lukewarm recovery in non-AI end markets, prioritizing high utilization rates instead, a trend we highlighted in our prior research (report). We see blended ASP declined 6%/2%/9%/1% for SMIC/GlobalFoundries/UMC/Hua Hong from 3Q24 to 3Q25. This dynamic is contributing to a slower demand recovery across non-AI markets.





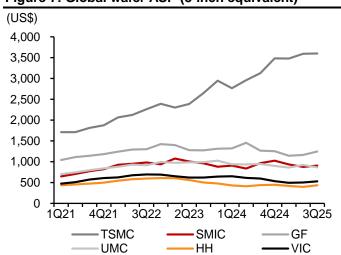
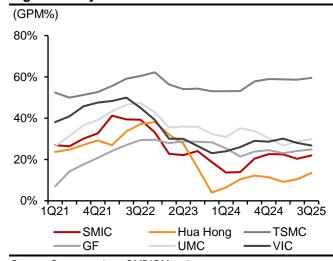


Figure 8: Major foundries GPM



Source: Company data, CMBIGM estimates

Source: Company data, CMBIGM estimates

Figure 9: Major foundries' 3Q25 earnings summary

| Foundry              | 3Q<br>performance                              | Overall demand  | Al-related demand   | Outlook  |  |  |
|----------------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| TSMC                 | <b>US\$33.1bn</b><br>(40.8% YoY,<br>10.1% QoQ) | Broad-based strength with advanced nodes (7nm and below) contributing ~74% of wafer revenue; HPC ~57% and smartphones ~30% of net revenue. Utilization for 3/5nm and CoWoS remains very tight.                                  | Al accelerators remained the main growth driver offsetting weakness in legacy consumer products.  | 4Q revenue guided US\$32.2–33.4bn, w/GPM 59 - 61%; Al expected to keep advanced-node capacity tight into 2026. Capex for 2025 maintained at US\$40–42bn, focused on 3/2nm and CoWoS. |  |  |
| Samsung<br>(foundry) | <b>2Q25:</b><br>US\$3.2bn                      | Achieved record-high customer orders esp. on advanced nodes, with 1 <sup>st</sup> Gen 2nm entering mass production. Fab utilization rate also improved sequentially.  | Per Reuters, Samsung's new chip factory in Texas would be supplying Tesla's next-generation Al6 chip.   | Expect 4Q to see continuous earning improvement driven by 2nm ramp and better fab loading  |  |  |
| GFS                  | US\$1.69bn<br>(-3% YoY, flat<br>QoQ)           | Utilization in the mid-80% range; smartphones still soft but auto and communications infra/data-center posted strong double-digit YoY growth and now account for ~28% of revenue.   | Al is a major growth engine, driving strong demand in physical-Al chips, e.g., power, RF-SOI, SiGe, optical connectivity, and accelerating DC and industrial/automotive orders.             | 4Q revenue guided ~US\$1.8bn with better earnings driven by auto, industrial, and DC. Capex will remain disciplined.   |  |  |
| Hua Hong             | <b>US\$635m</b><br>(20.7% YoY,<br>12.2% QoQ)   | Overall industry recovery in addition to continuous ASP recovery. Utilization rate maintained at high levels (100%+) on strong demand for memory and PMIC products, driven by sector movement and AI infrastructure buildout.   | Mgmt. estimated ~12% revenue generated by Al-server power chips in 3Q25.  | 4Q revenue guided ~US\$650-660mn with GPM 12-14%.  |  |  |
| SMIC                 | <b>US\$2.38bn</b><br>(9.7% YoY,<br>7.8% QoQ)   | Wafer shipment increased with utilization ~96%. Growth came from consumer (exsmartphone), auto and industrial. Mgmt. notes uncertainties in smartphone inventory restocking due to fluctuation in memory product pricing.       | Advanced node capacity is still limited but seeing improving yield and has largely been allocated to advance China's AI accelerator domestication scheme, per AnySilicon.                   | 4Q revenue expected to be 0-2% QoQ with GPM expected to be 18-20%.   |  |  |
| VIS                  | <b>US\$413mn</b> (13% YoY, 8.7% QoQ)           | Shipment volume grew ~7% QoQ, with some ASP rising ~2%. Gross margin declined by 1.2 ppts to 26.8% with rising demand for power management products.  | Being a subsidiary of TSMC, VIS indirectly benefits from the AI boom with steady demand for PMIC in AI server and DC markets.   | 4Q shipments expected to decline 6-8% QoQ in Q4, with GPM to be ~27%   |  |  |
| UMC                  | <b>US\$1.98bn</b> (5.4% YoY, 3.5% QoQ)         | Overall demand recovered modestly; 22/28nm accounted for ~35% of revenue with utilization at ~78%. Smartphone and PC demand recovered, prompting customers to restock. New 55nm BCD platform is also ready for mass production. | UMC links its AI participation mainly to 22nm ISP/connectivity, RF-SOI, and its ramping AI-driven advanced packaging, expecting meaningful AI-related contribution starting late 2026–2027. | 4Q shipments expected to remain flat with ASPs to hold firm and capacity to sequentially improve ~mid-to-high 70s.   |  |  |

Source: Company data, AnySilicon, Reuters, CMBIGM



## Pure-play foundry competitive landscape

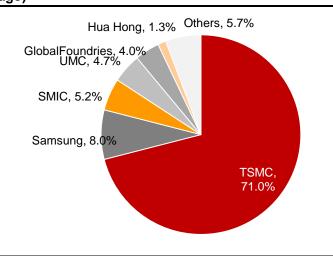
The global foundry market continues to demonstrate pronounced economic concentration around TSMC. According to Counterpoint, TSMC's revenue share increased from 63% in 1Q24 to 71% in 2Q25, propelled by sustained demand for advanced nodes (3nm/5nm/7nm collectively represented 74% of its wafer revenue in 3Q25) and expanding CoWoS advanced packaging capacity. This trend underscores how AI accelerators and HBM-related logic are driving the majority of incremental industry value amid tight capacity conditions.

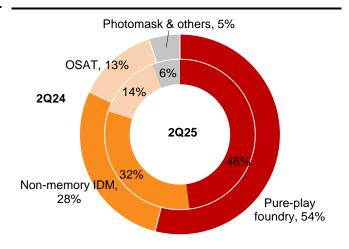
We expect TSMC's leadership to further solidify under the emerging "Foundry 2.0" paradigm, which extends the traditional foundry model into integrated, full-stack manufacturing platforms. Competitive execution now depends not only on leading-edge transistor performance but also on co-optimization across advanced packaging (CoWoS, 2.5D/3D), testing, mask technology, and system-level design. This broader scope concentrates value around vertically integrated players, with TSMC uniquely positioned through its control across sub-7nm logic and high-volume advanced packaging.

Consequently, pure-play foundries are capturing a growing proportion of total Foundry 2.0 revenue, increasing from ~48% in 2Q24 to ~54% in 2Q25, representing a ~6% gain largely at the expense of non-memory IDMs, which ceded ~4% of share over the same period.

Figure 10: TSMC dominated the global foundry market with 71% share in 2Q25 (up 6% vs. one year ago)

Figure 11: Pure-play foundry's rising importance amid the Al super cycle





Source: Counterpoint, CMBIGM estimates

Note: Samsung includes foundry service for its internal logic IC business.

Source: Counterpoint, CMBIGM estimates

Amid this consolidation, other foundries face share pressure. Samsung Foundry's share (including internal logic) declined approximately 2% YoY in 2Q25. The company is focusing on its 2nm node, leveraging competitive pricing (reportedly 33% below TSMC's) alongside yield improvements toward 55–60%. GlobalFoundries' share fell ~1.8% YoY to ~4%, while UMC and SMIC each saw a decline of ~0.7%, reaching roughly 5% share. Hua Hong's share decreased slightly by 0.2% to ~1.3%, per our estimates.

Despite near-term share declines, we view SMIC and Hua Hong as primary beneficiaries of accelerating semiconductor supply-chain localization in China. Improving end-market demand, gradual ASP recovery, technological progress, and supportive policies should allow these players to regain traction over time.



**Indeed, an ASP turnaround is already underway.** Hua Hong reported record 3Q25 revenue of US\$635mn (+21% YoY, +12% QoQ), driven by a 7% QoQ increase in wafer shipments and a 5% QoQ rise in blended ASP. Management attributed ~80% of the ASP improvement to pricing adjustments and ~20% to product-mix optimization, with utilization remaining elevated at 109.5% and gross margin recovering to 13.5%.

While we maintain a positive long-term view of Hua Hong's strategic position in China's localization drive and its ongoing capacity expansion, we believe current valuation fairly reflects near-term prospects. We therefore maintain our Hold rating with a target price of HK\$68. Upside catalysts include stronger-than-expected demand or further ASP increases. Downside risks include weaker end-markets, renewed pricing pressure, and geopolitical tensions.

Figure 12: Peers comparison

|                          | _       | Mkt Cap    |       | P/E (x) |       |       | P/S (x) |       |       | EPS (US\$ | 1          |
|--------------------------|---------|------------|-------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-----------|------------|
| Company                  | Ticker  | US\$(mn)   | FY25E | FY26E   | FY27E | FY25E | FY26E   | FY27E | FY25E | FY26E     | ,<br>FY27E |
| Non-China mainland peers |         | σοφ(ιιιιι) | 11202 | 11202   |       | 11202 | 11202   |       | 11202 | 11202     |            |
|                          |         |            |       |         |       |       |         |       |       |           |            |
| TSMC                     | 2330 TT | 1,192,072  | 16.0  | 14.6    | 13.0  | 19.1  | 8.1     | 6.8   | 2.0   | 2.4       | 2.9        |
| UMC                      | 2303 TT | 19,200     | 14.4  | 13.5    | 12.1  | 2.5   | 2.4     | 2.2   | 0.1   | 0.1       | 0.1        |
| ASE                      | 3711 TT | 32,146     | 26.0  | 17.2    | 13.7  | 1.6   | 1.4     | 1.2   | 0.3   | 0.4       | 0.5        |
| VIS                      | 5347 TT | 5,454      | 21.0  | 19.9    | 19.5  | 3.5   | 3.2     | 2.8   | 0.1   | 0.1       | 0.2        |
| GlobalFoundries          | GFS US  | 21,137     | 23.3  | 20.4    | 16.4  | 3.1   | 2.9     | 2.7   | 1.6   | 1.9       | 2.3        |
| Intel                    | INTC US | 208,735    | 127.2 | 69.0    | 40.4  | 4.0   | 3.9     | 3.7   | 0.3   | 0.6       | 1.1        |
|                          |         |            | 38.0  | 25.8    | 19.2  | 5.6   | 3.7     | 3.2   | 0.8   | 0.9       | 1.2        |
| China mainland peers     |         |            |       |         |       |       |         |       |       |           |            |
| Hua Hong Semi            | 1347 HK | 18,709     | 235.0 | 73.6    | 43.7  | 6.8   | 5.1     | 4.5   | 0.0   | 0.1       | 0.2        |
| SMIC                     | 981 HK  | 83,345     | 100.6 | 66.0    | 50.3  | 9.0   | 7.5     | 6.5   | 0.1   | 0.1       | 0.2        |
|                          |         |            | 167.8 | 69.8    | 47.0  | 7.9   | 6.3     | 5.5   | 0.1   | 0.1       | 0.2        |

Source: Bloomberg, CMBIGM estimates

Note: Bloomberg data as of 4 Dec 2025, and Hua Hong Semi data is from CMBIGM estimates.



## **Disclosures & Disclaimers**

## **Analyst Certification**

The research analyst who is primary responsible for the content of this research report, in whole or in part, certifies that with respect to the securities or issuer that the analyst covered in this report: (1) all of the views expressed accurately reflect his or her personal views about the subject securities or issuer; and (2) no part of his or her compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific views expressed by that analyst in this report.

Besides, the analyst confirms that neither the analyst nor his/her associates (as defined in the code of conduct issued by The Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission) (1) have dealt in or traded in the stock(s) covered in this research report within 30 calendar days prior to the date of issue of this report; (2) will deal in or trade in the stock(s) covered in this research report 3 business days after the date of issue of this report; (3) serve as an officer of any of the Hong Kong listed companies covered in this report; and (4) have any financial interests in the Hong Kong listed companies covered in this report.

#### **CMBIGM Ratings**

BUY : Stock with potential return of over 15% over next 12 months HOLD Stock with potential return of +15% to -10% over next 12 months Stock with potential loss of over 10% over next 12 months

**NOT RATED** : Stock is not rated by CMBIGM

OUTPERFORM : Industry expected to outperform the relevant broad market benchmark over next 12 months MARKET-PERFORM : Industry expected to perform in-line with the relevant broad market benchmark over next 12 months UNDERPERFORM Industry expected to underperform the relevant broad market benchmark over next 12 months

### CMB International Global Markets Limited

Address: 45/F, Champion Tower, 3 Garden Road, Hong Kong, Tel: (852) 3900 0888 Fax: (852) 3900 0800

CMB International Global Markets Limited ("CMBIGM") is a wholly owned subsidiary of CMB International Capital Corporation Limited (a wholly owned) subsidiary of China Merchants Bank)

#### **Important Disclosures**

There are risks involved in transacting in any securities. The information contained in this report may not be suitable for the purposes of all investors. CMBIGM does not provide individually tailored investment advice. This report has been prepared without regard to the individual investment objectives, financial position or special requirements. Past performance has no indication of future performance, and actual events may differ materially from that which is contained in the report. The value of, and returns from, any investments are uncertain and are not guaranteed and may fluctuate as a result of their dependence on the performance of underlying assets or other variable market factors. CMBIGM recommends that investors should independently evaluate particular investments and strategies, and encourages investors to consult with a professional financial advisor in order to make their own investment decisions.

This report or any information contained herein, have been prepared by the CMBIGM, solely for the purpose of supplying information to the clients of CMBIGM or its affiliate(s) to whom it is distributed. This report is not and should not be construed as an offer or solicitation to buy or sell any security or any interest in securities or enter into any transaction. Neither CMBIGM nor any of its affiliates, shareholders, agents, consultants, directors, officers or employees shall be liable for any loss, damage or expense whatsoever, whether direct or consequential, incurred in relying on the information contained in this report. Anyone making use of the information contained in this report does so entirely at their own risk.

The information and contents contained in this report are based on the analyses and interpretations of information believed to be publicly available and reliable. CMBIGM has exerted every effort in its capacity to ensure, but not to guarantee, their accuracy, completeness, timeliness or correctness. CMBIGM provides the information, advices and forecasts on an "AS IS" basis. The information and contents are subject to change without notice. CMBIGM may issue other publications having information and/ or conclusions different from this report. These publications reflect different assumption, point-of-view and analytical methods when compiling. CMBIGM may make investment decisions or take proprietary positions that are inconsistent with the recommendations or views in

CMBIGM may have a position, make markets or act as principal or engage in transactions in securities of companies referred to in this report for itself and/or on behalf of its clients from time to time. Investors should assume that CMBIGM does or seeks to have investment banking or other business relationships with the companies in this report. As a result, recipients should be aware that CMBIGM may have a conflict of interest that could affect the objectivity of this report and CMBIGM will not assume any responsibility in respect thereof. This report is for the use of intended recipients only and this publication, may not be reproduced, reprinted, sold, redistributed or published in whole or in part for any purpose without prior written consent of CMBIGM. Additional information on recommended securities is available upon request.

## For recipients of this document in the United Kingdom

This report has been provided only to persons (I) falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (as amended from time to time) ("The Order") or (II) are persons falling within Article 49(2) (a) to (d) ("High Net Worth Companies, Unincorporated Associations, etc.,) of the Order, and may not be provided to any other person without the prior written consent of CMBIGM.

#### For recipients of this document in the United States

CMBIGM is not a registered broker-dealer in the United States. As a result, CMBIGM is not subject to U.S. rules regarding the preparation of research reports and the independence of research analysts. The research analyst who is primary responsible for the content of this research report is not registered or qualified as a research analyst with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The analyst is not subject to applicable restrictions under FINRA Rules intended to ensure that the analyst is not affected by potential conflicts of interest that could bear upon the reliability of the research report. This report is intended for distribution in the United States solely to "major US institutional investors", as defined in Rule 15a-6 under the US, Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and may not be furnished to any other person in the United States. Each major US institutional investor that receives a copy of this report by its acceptance hereof represents and agrees that it shall not distribute or provide this report to any other person. Any U.S. recipient of this report wishing to effect any transaction to buy or sell securities based on the information provided in this report should do so only through a U.S.-registered broker-dealer.

### For recipients of this document in Singapore

This report is distributed in Singapore by CMBI (Singapore) Pte. Limited (CMBISG) (Company Regn. No. 201731928D), an Exempt Financial Adviser as defined in the Financial Advisers Act (Cap. 110) of Singapore and regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. CMBISG may distribute reports produced by its respective foreign entities, affiliates or other foreign research houses pursuant to an arrangement under Regulation 32C of the Financial Advisers Regulations. Where the report is distributed in Singapore to a person who is not an Accredited Investor, Expert Investor or an Institutional Investor, as defined in the Securities and Futures Act (Cap. 289) of Singapore, CMBISG accepts legal responsibility for the contents of the report to such persons only to the extent required by law. Singapore recipients should contact CMBISG at +65 6350 4400 for matters arising from, or in connection with the report